# Safety Data Sheet C 651 RED



#### SDS Revision: Version 1.4 SDS Revision Date: 11/27/2018

1. Identification					
1.1. Product identifier					
Product Identity	C 651 RED				
Alternate Names	C 651 RED				
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mix	xture and uses advised against				
ntended use See Technical Data Sheet.					
Application Method	See Technical Data Sheet.				
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet					
Company Name	STABOND CORPORATION 1722 W. 139th Street, GARDENA CA. 90249				
Customer Service: STABOND CORPORATION Emergency Contact: CHEMTREC	(310) 380-6168 Mon. to Fri. 07:00 – 15:30 PT (800) 424-9300 24-hour				

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 2;H225	Highly Flammable liquid and vapor.
Eye Irrit. 2;H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE 3;H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

# 2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

# [Prevention]:

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

P235 Keep cool.

P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

### [Response]:

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P304+312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician if you feel unwell.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.

P337+313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.

P340 Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

# [Storage]:

P403+233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

#### [Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes	
Acetone CAS Number: 0000067-64-1	50 - 75	Flam. Liq. 2;H225 Eye Irrit. 2;H319 STOT SE 3;H336	[1][2]	
Rosin, maleated, esters with glycerol CAS Number: 0068038-41-5	10 - 25	Not Classified	[1]	
Butadiene-Acrylonitrile Copolymer CAS Number: 0009003-18-3	1.0 - 10	Not Classified	[1]	
Salicylic acid CAS Number: 0000069-72-7	1.0 - 10	Acute Tox. 4;H302 Eye Dam. 1;H318	[1]	
Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer CAS Number: 0009003-22-9	1.0 - 10	Not Classified	[1]	

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

\*The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

# 4. First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.
Eyes	Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.
Skin	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting and get medical attention. If vomiting should occur spontaneously keep victims head below knees to prevent aspiration into the lungs.
4.2. Most important sym	nptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Overview	INHALATION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE: High concentrations, or prolonged exposure to lower concentrations, may be irritating to mucous membranes and may cause CNS depression.
	SKIN AND EYE CONTACT HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE: SKIN-Prolonged or repeated exposure may result in drying of the skin which can cause skin irritation or dermatitis. EYES-Liquid or high vapor concentrations can be severely irritating to the eyes.
	SKIN ABSORPTION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE: May be irritating
	INGESTION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE: Moderate CNS depression may be shown by giddiness, headache, dizziness and nausea. If vomiting occurs, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration of liquid into lungs. Aspiration pneumonitis may be evidenced by coughing and cyanosis.
	HEALTH HAZARDS (ACUTE AND CHRONIC): Eye: May cause irritation with tearing. Skin: May cause skin irritation and dermatitis. Ingestion: May cause irritation and corrosion on the mouth and stomach tissue. Inhalation: May cause irritation to upper respiratory tract and at higher concentrations narcosis or CNS depression.
	CARCINOGENICITY: NTP? NO, IARC MONOGRAPHS? YES, OSHA REGULATED? NO
	This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm.
	MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Skin contact may aggravate an existing dermatitis. Preexisting eye and respiratory disorders may be aggravated.
	Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents

may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. See section 2 for further details.

Inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Eyes** Causes serious eye irritation.

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide and water fog.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: Burning may produce fumes of carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, hydrogen cyanide, phenols and nitrous oxides.

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

Keep cool.

Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

# 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Volatile solvent constituent can readily form explosive or flammable mixtures in air. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition sources and flash back.

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing.

ERG Guide No. 127

# 6. Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Handle as a flammable liquid. Remove all ignition sources. Soak up wet material on a non-combustible absorbent and place in a closed metal container.

# 7. Handling and storage

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Ground and bond metal containers when dispensing. No smoking in areas of use or storage. Use only non-sparking tools near wet adhesive or solvent vapors. Solvent vapor is much heavier than air and can collect in dangerous concentrations in floor drains or low areas.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents

Store in cool, well ventilated area away from any ignition sources and strong oxidizing agents. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Do not transfer to plastic containers.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

# 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Laposule					
Ingredient	Source	Value			
Acetone	OSHA	TWA 1000 ppm (2400 mg/m3) STEL 2400 mg/m3			
	ACGIH	TWA: 250 ppm STEL: 500 ppm Skin			
	NIOSH	250 ppm (590 mg/m3) TWA			
	Supplier	No Established Limit			
Salicylic acid	OSHA	No Established Limit			
	ACGIH	No Established Limit			
	NIOSH	No Established Limit			
	Supplier	No Established Limit			
0009003-18-3 Butadiene-Acrylonitrile Copolymer	OSHA	No Established Limit			
	ACGIH	No Established Limit			
	NIOSH	No Established Limit			
	Supplier	No Established Limit			
Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer	OSHA	No Established Limit			
	ACGIH	No Established Limit			
	NIOSH	No Established Limit			
	Supplier	No Established Limit			
Rosin, maleated, esters with glycerol	OSHA	No Established Limit			
	ACGIH	No Established Limit			
	NIOSH	No Established Limit			
	Supplier	No Established Limit			
	Acetone Salicylic acid Butadiene-Acrylonitrile Copolymer Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer	IngredientSourceAcetoneOSHAACGIHNIOSHSupplierSupplierSalicylic acidOSHAACGIHNIOSHSupplierSupplierButadiene-Acrylonitrile CopolymerOSHAACGIHNIOSHSupplierSupplierVinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymerOSHAACGIHNIOSHSupplierSupplierVinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymerOSHAACGIHNIOSHSupplierSupplierRosin, maleated, esters with glycerolOSHAACGIHNIOSHNIOSHACGIHNIOSHACGIHNIOSHACGIH			

#### Exposure

# **Carcinogen Data**

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value					
0000067-64-1	Acetone	OSHA	DSHA Select Carcinogen: No					
		NTP	NTP Known: No; Suspected: No					
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;					
0000069-72-7	Salicylic acid	OSHA	OSHA Select Carcinogen: No					
		NTP	NTP Known: No; Suspected: No					
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;					

0009003-18-3	Butadiene-Acrylonitrile Copolymer	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
IAI		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;
0009003-22-9	Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
copolymer		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;
0068038-41-5	Rosin, maleated, esters with	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
glycerol		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;

8.2. Exposure controls	
Respiratory	Atmospheric levels should be maintained below the exposure guideline. Use an approved, full-face, supplied air respirator or a NIOSH approved positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus if these levels are exceeded.
Eyes	Use safety glasses with side shields or chemical goggles. If exposure causes eye discomfort, use a full-face respirator.
Skin	Use Neoprene, vinyl or nitrile rubber gloves.
Engineering Controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Other Work Practices	Eye wash fountain or bottles. Solvent insoluble barrier hand cream. Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Red Liquid
Odor	Acetone
Odor threshold	Not Measured
рН	Not Measured
Melting point / freezing point	Not Measured
Initial boiling point and boiling range	133F
Flash Point	-4F (TCC)
Evaporation rate (Ether = 1)	Slower than ether
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not Applicable
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Lower Explosive Limit: 2.2%
	Upper Explosive Limit: 13.0%
Vapor pressure (Pa)	Not Measured
Vapor Density	Heavier than air
Specific Gravity	0.9
Solubility in Water	Nil
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	Not Measured

Auto-ignition temperature	Not Measured
Decomposition temperature	Not Measured
VOC	Not Applicable
Viscosity (cSt)	Not Measured

# 9.2. Other information

No other relevant information.

# 10. Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with open flame, sparks or hot surfaces.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Burning may produce fumes of carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, hydrogen cyanide, phenols and nitrous oxides.

# 11. Toxicological information

#### Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LD50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LD50, ppm
Acetone - (67-64-1)	5,800.00, Rat - Category: NA	7,426.00, Guinea Pig - Category: NA	76.00, Rat - Category: NA	50.10, Rat - Category: NA	No data available
Rosin, maleated, esters with glycerol - (68038-41-5)	No data	No data	No data	No data	No data
	available	available	available	available	available
Butadiene-Acrylonitrile Copolymer - (9003-18-3)	No data	No data	No data	No data	No data
	available	available	available	available	available

Salicylic acid - (69-72-7)	891.00, Rat - Category: 4	10,000.00, Rabbit - Category: NA	No data available	No data available	No data available
Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer - (9003-22-9)	No data	No data	No data	No data	No data
	available	available	available	available	available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description	
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable	
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable	
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable	
Skin corrosion/irritation		Not Applicable	
Serious eye damage/irritation	2	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable	
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable	
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable	
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable	
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable	
STOT-single exposure	3	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
STOT-repeated exposure		Not Applicable	
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable	

# 12. Ecological information

# 12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life

#### Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
Acetone - (67-64-1)	100.00, Pimephales promelas	10.00, Daphnia magna	20.565 (72 hr), Ulva pertusa
Rosin, maleated, esters with glycerol - (68038-41-5)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Butadiene-Acrylonitrile Copolymer - (9003-18-3)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Salicylic acid - (69-72-7)	90.00, Leuciscus idus	105.00, Daphnia magna	0.00 (96 hr),
Vinyl chloride/vinyl acetate copolymer - (9003-22-9)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

# 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

# 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

# 13. Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

# 14. Transport information

	DOT (Domestic Surface Transportation)			
14.1. UN number	UN1133			
14.2. UN proper shipping name	UN1133, Adhesives, containing a flammable liquid, 3, II			
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	DOT Hazard Class: 3			
14.4. Packing group	II			
14.5. Environmental hazards				
IMDG	Marine Pollutant: No			
14.6. Special precautions for user				
	No further information			

IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation) UN1133 Adhesives, containing a flammable liquid IMDG: 3 Sub Class: Not Applicable II

#### ICAO/IATA

Ш

UN1133 Adhesives, containing a flammable liquid **Air Class:** 3

# 15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview	The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected regulations are represented.			
Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)	All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSC Inventory.			
WHMIS Classification	B2 D2B			
US EPA Tier II Hazards	Fire: Yes			
Sudden Release of Pressure: No				
Reactive: No				

Immediate (Acute): Yes

Delayed (Chronic): No

# EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs (lbs.):

Acetone (5,000.00)

### **EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### **EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:**

Lead Compounds (as Pb)

Zinc oxide

#### Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

Benzene

Cadmium

Lead Compounds (as Pb)

Propenenitrile

vinylcyclohexene

# **Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):**

Benzene

Lead Compounds (as Pb)

# **Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):**

Lead Compounds (as Pb)

vinylcyclohexene

# Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

Benzene

Cadmium

Lead Compounds (as Pb)

#### New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):

Acetone

# Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

Acetone

# 16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

INTENTIONAL MISUSE BY DELIBERATE INHALATION OF TOLUENE HAS BEEN ASSOCIATED WITH LIVER, KIDNEY, AND BRAIN DAMAGE IN HUMANS. OVEREXPOSURE TO TOLUENE HAS BEEN FOUND TO CAUSE LIVER, KIDNEY, NASAL, AND BRAIN DAMAGE IN LABORATORY ANIMALS. REPEATED OVEREXPOSURE TO HIGH VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS (1000 ppm) OF N-HEXANE CAN CAUSE IRREVERSIBLE NERVE DAMAGE. THIS NEUROTOXICITY CAN BE ENHANCED BY THE PRESENCE OF METHYL ETHYL KETONE.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**SDS Revision History** 

Version 1.1	Initial SDS issued	3/17/2015
Version 1.2	Section 1.3 Change to Emergency Tele. Number	6/17/2015
Version 1.3	Sections 3, 8.1, 11, 12.1 Polymer name correction	3/09/2016
Version 1.4	Section 1.3 Update to Emergency Tele. Number	11/27/2018

ALL INFORMATION IS BASED UPON DATA FROM MFG'S AND/OR TECHNICAL SOURCE, & IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE. CONDITIONS OF USE ARE BEYOND OUR CONTROL & THEREFORE USERS ARE RESPONSIBLE TO VERIFY THIS DATA UNDER THEIR OWN CONDITIONS TO DETERMINE SUITABILITY FOR THEIR PURPOSE, & THEY ASSUME ALL RISKS OF USE, HANDLING, & DISPOSAL, OR FROM USE OF INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN. THIS INFORMATION RELATES ONLY TO THE PRODUCT DESIGNATED HEREIN, AND DOES NOT RELATE TO ITS USE IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER MATERIAL OR IN ANY OTHER PROCESS.

End of Document